Subpart C-Records, Reporting, and **Disclosure Requirements**

- 345.41 Assessment area delineation.
- 345.42 Data collection, reporting, and disclo-
- 345.43 Content and availability of public file.
- 345.44 Public notice by banks.345.45 Publication of planned examination schedule.

APPENDIX A TO PART 345—RATINGS

APPENDIX B TO PART 345—CRA NOTICE

AUTHORITY: 12 U.S.C. 1814-1817, 1819-1820, 1828, 1831u and 2901–2907, 3103–3104, and 3108(a).

SOURCE: 43 FR 47151, Oct. 12, 1978, unless otherwise noted.

Subpart A—General

SOURCE: 60 FR 22201, May 4, 1995, unless otherwise noted.

§345.11 Authority, and purposes, scope.

- (a) Authority and OMB control number—(1) Authority. The authority for this part is 12 U.S.C. 1814-1817, 1819-1820, 1828, 1831u and 2901-2907, 3103-3104, and 3108(a).
- (2) OMB control number. The information collection requirements contained in this part were approved by the Office of Management and Budget under the provisions of 44 U.S.C. 3501 et seq. and have been assigned OMB control number 3064-0092.
- (b) Purposes. In enacting the Community Reinvestment Act (CRA), the Congress required each appropriate Federal financial supervisory agency to assess an institution's record of helping to meet the credit needs of the local communities in which the institution is chartered, consistent with the safe and sound operation of the institution, and to take this record into account in the agency's evaluation of an application for a deposit facility by the institution. This part is intended to carry out the purposes of the CRA by:
- (1) Establishing the framework and criteria by which the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) assesses a bank's record of helping to meet the credit needs of its entire community, including low- and moderate-income

- neighborhoods, consistent with the safe and sound operation of the bank; and
- (2) Providing that the FDIC takes that record into account in considering certain applications.
- (c) Scope—(1) General. Except for certain special purpose banks described in paragraph (c)(3) of this section, this part applies to all insured State nonmember banks, including insured State branches as described in paragraph (c)(2) and any uninsured State branch that results from an acquisition described in section 5(a)(8) of the International Banking Act of 1978 (12 U.S.C. 3103(a)(8)).
- (2) Insured State branches. Insured State branches are branches of a foreign bank established and operating under the laws of any State, the deposits of which are insured in accordance with the provisions of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act. In the case of insured State branches, references in this part to main office mean the principal branch within the United States and the term branch or branches refers to any insured State branch or branches located within the United States. The assessment area of an insured State branch is the community or communities located within the United States served by the branch as described in § 345.41.
- (3) Certain special purpose banks. This part does not apply to special purpose banks that do not perform commercial or retail banking services by granting credit to the public in the ordinary course of business, other than as incident to their specialized operations. These banks include banker's banks, as defined in 12 U.S.C. 24 (Seventh), and banks that engage only in one or more of the following activities: providing cash management controlled disbursement services or serving as correspondent banks, trust companies, or clearing agents.

§ 345.12 Definitions.

For purposes of this part, the following definitions apply:

(a) Affiliate means any company that controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with another company. The term control has the meaning given to that term in 12 U.S.C.

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1841(a)(2), and a company is under common control with another company if both companies are directly or indirectly controlled by the same company.

- (b) Area median income means:
- (1) The median family income for the MSA, if a person or geography is located in an MSA; or
- (2) The statewide nonmetropolitan median family income, if a person or geography is located outside an MSA.
- (c) Assessment area means a geographic area delineated in accordance with §345.41.
- (d) Remote Service Facility (RSF) means an automated, unstaffed banking facility owned or operated by, or operated exclusively for, the bank, such as an automated teller machine, cash dispensing machine, point-of-sale terminal, or other remote electronic facility, at which deposits are received, cash dispersed, or money lent.
- (e) Bank means a State nonmember bank, as that term is defined in section 3(e)(2) of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act, as amended (FDIA) (12 U.S.C. 1813(e)(2)), with Federally insured deposits, except as provided in §345.11(c). The term bank also includes an insured State branch as defined in §345.11(c).
- (f) Branch means a staffed banking facility authorized as a branch, whether shared or unshared, including, for example, a mini-branch in a grocery store or a branch operated in conjunction with any other local business or nonprofit organization. The term "branch" only includes a "domestic branch" as that term is defined in section 3(o) of the FDIA (12 U.S.C. 1813(o)).
- (g) CMSA means a consolidated metropolitan statistical area as defined by the Director of the Office of Management and Budget.
 - (h) *Community development* means:
- (1) Affordable housing (including multifamily rental housing) for low- or moderate-income individuals;
- (2) Community services targeted to low- or moderate-income individuals;
- (3) Activities that promote economic development by financing businesses or farms that meet the size eligibility standards of the Small Business Administration's Development Company or Small Business Investment Company programs (13 CFR 121.301) or have

gross annual revenues of \$1 million or less; or

- (4) Activities that revitalize or stabilize low- or moderate-income geographies.
- (i) Community development loan means a loan that:
- (1) Has as its primary purpose community development; and
- (2) Except in the case of a wholesale or limited purpose bank:
- (i) Has not been reported or collected by the bank or an affiliate for consideration in the bank's assessment as a home mortgage, small business, small farm, or consumer loan, unless it is a multifamily dwelling loan (as described in Appendix A to Part 203 of this title); and
- (ii) Benefits the bank's assessment area(s) or a broader statewide or regional area that includes the bank's assessment area(s).
- (j) *Community development service* means a service that:
- (1) Has as its primary purpose community development;
- (2) Is related to the provision of financial services: and
- (3) Has not been considered in the evaluation of the bank's retail banking services under §345.24(d).
- (k) Consumer loan means a loan to one or more individuals for household, family, or other personal expenditures. A consumer loan does not include a home mortgage, small business, or small farm loan. Consumer loans include the following categories of loans:
- (1) *Motor vehicle loan*, which is a consumer loan extended for the purchase of and secured by a motor vehicle;
- (2) Credit card loan, which is a line of credit for household, family, or other personal expenditures that is accessed by a borrower's use of a "credit card," as this term is defined in §226.2 of this title:
- (3) *Home equity loan,* which is a consumer loan secured by a residence of the borrower;
- (4) Other secured consumer loan, which is a secured consumer loan that is not included in one of the other categories of consumer loans; and
- (5) Other unsecured consumer loan, which is an unsecured consumer loan that is not included in one of the other categories of consumer loans.

- (l) *Geography* means a census tract or a block numbering area delineated by the United States Bureau of the Census in the most recent decennial census.
- (m) Home mortgage loan means a "home improvement loan" or a "home purchase loan" as defined in §203.2 of this title.
 - (n) Income level includes:
- (1) *Low-income*, which means an individual income that is less than 50 percent of the area median income or a median family income that is less than 50 percent in the case of a geography.
- (2) Moderate-income, which means an individual income that is at least 50 percent and less than 80 percent of the area median income or a median family income that is at least 50 and less than 80 percent in the case of a geography.
- (3) Middle-income, which means an individual income that is at least 80 percent and less than 120 percent of the area median income or a median family income that is at least 80 and less than 120 percent in the case of a geography.
- (4) Upper-income, which means an individual income that is 120 percent or more of the area median income or a median family income that is 120 percent or more in the case of a geography.
- (o) Limited purpose bank means a bank that offers only a narrow product line (such as credit card or motor vehicle loans) to a regional or broader market and for which a designation as a limited purpose bank is in effect, in accordance with § 345.25(b).
- (p) Loan location. A loan is located as follows:
- (1) A consumer loan is located in the geography where the borrower resides;
- (2) A home mortgage loan is located in the geography where the property to which the loan relates is located; and
- (3) A small business or small farm loan is located in the geography where the main business facility or farm is located or where the loan proceeds otherwise will be applied, as indicated by the borrower.
- (q) Loan production office means a staffed facility, other than a branch, that is open to the public and that provides lending-related services, such as loan information and applications.

- (r) *MSA* means a metropolitan statistical area or a primary metropolitan statistical area as defined by the Director of the Office of Management and Budget.
- (s) *Qualified investment* means a lawful investment, deposit, membership share, or grant that has as its primary purpose community development.
- (t) Small bank means a bank that, as of December 31 of either of the prior two calendar years, had total assets of less than \$250 million and was independent or an affiliate of a holding company that, as of December 31 of either of the prior two calendar years, had total banking and thrift assets of less than \$1 billion.
- (u) *Small business loan* means a loan included in "loans to small businesses" as defined in the instructions for preparation of the Consolidated Report of Condition and Income.
- (v) Small farm loan means a loan included in "loans to small farms" as defined in the instructions for preparation of the Consolidated Report of Condition and Income.
- (w) Wholesale bank means a bank that is not in the business of extending home mortgage, small business, small farm, or consumer loans to retail customers, and for which a designation as a wholesale bank is in effect, in accordance with §345.25(b).

[60 FR 22201, May 4, 1995, as amended at 60 FR 66050, Dec. 20, 1995; 61 FR 21364, May 10, 1996]

Subpart B—Standards for Assessing Performance

SOURCE: 60 FR 22201, May 4, 1995, unless otherwise noted.

§ 345.21 Performance tests, standards, and ratings, in general.

- (a) Performance tests and standards. The FDIC assesses the CRA performance of a bank in an examination as follows:
- (1) Lending, investment, and service tests. The FDIC applies the lending, investment, and service tests, as provided in §§ 345.22 through 345.24, in evaluating the performance of a bank, except as provided in paragraphs (a)(2), (a)(3), and (a)(4) of this section.